WEST Search History

Hide Items Restore Clear Cancel

DATE: Sunday, February 08, 2004

Hide? Set Name Query					
DB=USPT; $PLUR=NO$; $OP=OR$					
	L35	L34 and (mmp)	1		
	L34	l28 and (lysozyme)	27		
	L33	L28 and (mmp adj 1)	2		
	L32	L28 and (mmp adj 12)	0		
	L31	L28 and (mmp adj 12)	0		
	L30	L28 and 110	0		
	L29	L28 and 16	0		
	L28	L27 and 124	116		
	L27	120 and 13	296		
	L26	120 and 12	0		
	L25	114 and 120	0		
	L24	120 and 11	652		
	L23	L22 120 and 11	656		
	L22	L20 and (111 or 110 or 19 or 17)	4		
	L21	L20 and (111 or 110 or 19 or 17 or 11 or 12 or 13)	836		
	L20	(inflammatory adj bowel adj disease) or ibd	4893		
	L19	L11 and 110 and 19 and 17	0		
	L18	L11 and 110	0		
	L17	L16 and 16	. 0		
	L16	114 and 13	1		
	L15	L14 and 12	0		
	L14	111 and 11	1		
	L13	L11 and 110	0		
	L12	L11 and 110 and 19 and 17 and 16	0		
	L11	(max adj interacting adj protein adj 1) or mxii	9		
	L10	(down adj regulated adj in adj rhabdosarcoma) or dral	115		
	L9	calgizzarin	9		
	L8	calgizzatin	0		
	L7	dd96	4		
	L6	dra or (down adj regulated adj adenoma)	913		
	L5	gos2	16		

L4	(phospholipase adj a2 adj group adj iia) or pla2g2a	8
L3	metallothionein	5003
L2	(growth adj hormone adj 2) or gh2	139
L1	(il adj 8) or mdncf	2299

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:15:17 ON 08 FEB 2004)

FILE 'MEDLINE, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 11:16:02 ON 08 FEB 2004

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FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 11:16:26 ON 08 FEB 2004
L1
          28428 S INFLAMMATORY BOWEL DISEASE
          30656 S L1 OR IBD
L2
L3
            16 S L2 AND IL8
          2823 S IP-10
L4
L5
           544 S (GROWTH HORMONE 2) OR GH2
           108 S GRO1
L6
            32 S GRO2
L7
           432 S (NEUTROPHIL LIPOCALIN) OR HNL
L8
L9
         23714 S METALLOTHIONEIN
L10
            36 S DD96 OR (EPITHELIAL PROTEIN UPREGULATED IN CARCINOMA)
L11
            92 S CALGIZZARIN
L12
           156 S DRAL OR (DOWN REGULTED IN RHABDOSARCOMA)
L13
            12 S MAX INTERACTING PROTEIN 1
L14
             O S L2 AND L13 AND L12 AND L11 AND L10 AND L9
             1 S L2 AND L13
L15
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:23:05 ON 08 FEB 2004
     FILE 'MEDLINE, SCISEARCH, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:26:31 ON 08 FEB 2004
             5 S L2 AND L12
1.16
L17
             19 S L2 AND L4
L18
            0 S L17 AND L9
L19
             1 S L17 AND L5
L20
             1 S L17 AND IL8
L21
            29 S L2 AND IL6
L22
            0 S L21 AND L9
L23
             2 S L21 AND MMP
L24
            49 S L2 AND MICROARRAY#
    FILE 'GENBANK' ENTERED AT 11:40:21 ON 08 FEB 2004
            2 S Y00787
L25
            34 S X54489
L26
             2 S M57731
L27
             2 S M28130
L28
L29
            36 S J03756
             1 S S75256
L30
L31
             2 S X99133
            1 S X85781
L32
L33
             3 S X65965
L34
          114 S M22430
L35
             1 S X51441
L36
             1 S J03474
L37
             9 S M21119
L38
             53 S D00408
L39
             46 S D14662
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:43:49 ON 08 FEB 2004
L40
             0 S L39 AND L38 AND L37 AND L36 AND L35 AND L34
L41
              0 S L39 AND L38 AND L37 AND L36 AND L35
L42
              0 S L39 AND L38 AND L37 AND L36
L43
             0 S L39 AND L38 AND L37
L44
             0 S L39 AND L38 AND L37 AND (L36 OR L35 OR L34)
             0 S L39 AND L38 AND (L37 OR L36 OR L35 OR L34)
L45
             9 S L39
L46
             1 S L46 AND L2
L47
L48
             0 S L38 AND L2
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0 S L37 AND L2
L49
              0 S L37 AND L2
L50
              0 S L36 AND L2
L51
              0 S L35 AND L2
L52
L53
              0 S L34 AND L2
L54
              0 S L33 AND L2
              0 S L25 AND L2
L55
L56
              0 S L26 AND L2
L57
              0 S L27 AND L2
              1 S L28 AND L2
L58
L59
              0 S L29 AND L2
L60
              0 S L30 AND L2
              0 S L31 AND L2
L61
L62
              0 S L31 AND L2
L63
              0 S L33 AND L2
                E LAWRENCE IAN C/AU
                E FIOCCHI CLAUDIO/AU
L64
              6 S E1
             50 S E3
L65
              0 S L64 AND L65
L66
             56 S L64 OR L65
L67
             34 S L67 AND L2
L68
              1 S L68 AND MICROARRAY#
L69
L70
              1 S L69
L71
              1 S L68 AND HNL
L72
              1 S NGAL AND L68
                E LAWRANCE IAN C/AU
L73
              2 S E3
               E CHAKRAVARTI SHUKTI/AU
L74
              4 S E3 AND L2
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L68 ANSWER 22 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     1996:521277 CAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     125:192733
     Entered STN: 30 Aug 1996
ED
TI
     Interleukin-2 and interleukin-2 receptor in inflammatory
     bowel disease
     Matsuura, Toshihiro; Kusugami, Kazuo; Morise, Kimitomo; Fiocchi,
ΑU
     Claudio
     1st Dep. Internal Med., Nagoya Univ. Sch. Med., Nagoya, Japan
CS
     Cytokines in Inflammatory Bowel Disease (1996), 41-56. Editor(s):
SO
     Fiocchi, Claudio. Publisher: Landes, Austin, Tex.
     CODEN: 63GUAH
DT
     Conference; General Review
     English
LA
CC
     15-0 (Immunochemistry)
     A review, with 98 refs. The authors discuss interleukin-2 activity by
AB
     intestinal mucosal mononuclear cells in inflammatory
     bowel disease (IBD), soluble interleukin-2
     receptor production by lamina propria mononuclear cells, lymphokine-activated
     killer cell activity in IBD, and levels of IL-2 and IL-2R mRNA
     in IBD.
ST
     review interleukin 2 inflammatory bowel
     disease
IT
     Intestine, disease
        (inflammatory, interleukin-2 and interleukin-2 receptor in
        inflammatory bowel disease)
IT
     Lymphokines and Cytokines
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or
     effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (interleukin 2, interleukin-2 and interleukin-2 receptor in
        inflammatory bowel disease)
IT
     Lymphokine and cytokine receptors
     Receptors
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BOC (Biological occurrence);
     BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL
     (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); OCCU (Occurrence)
        (interleukin 2, interleukin-2 and interleukin-2 receptor in
        inflammatory bowel disease)
L68
     ANSWER 20 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     1996:521279 CAPLUS
DN
     125:192735
ED
     Entered STN: 30 Aug 1996
ΤI
     Interleukin-6 in inflammatory bowel disease
ΑU
     Kusugami, Kazuo; Morise, Kimitomo; Shinoda, Masataka; Haruta, Jun-ichi;
     Tanimoto, Mitsune
CS
     1st Dep. Internal Med., Nagoya Univ. Sch. Med., Nagoya, Japan
SO
     Cytokines in Inflammatory Bowel Disease (1996), 69-83. Editor(s):
     Fiocchi, Claudio. Publisher: Landes, Austin, Tex.
     CODEN: 63GUAH
DT
     Conference; General Review
LΑ
     English
CC
     15-0 (Immunochemistry)
AB
     A review, with 89 refs. Based on the multitude of biol. functions of IL-6
     on essentially all tissues and cells in the body, this cytokine has also
     attracted much attention in the pathogenesis of inflammatory
     bowel disease (IBD) under the assumption that
     dysregulation of IL-6 activity may be associated with immune abnormalities in
     patients with ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. This paper
     discusses IL-6 in IBD, keeping in mind that the investigation of
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IL-6 in IBD patients to clarify its involvement in the pathogenesis and perpetuation of IBD is still in progress. ST review interleukin 6 inflammatory bowel disease IT Intestine, disease (inflammatory, interleukin-6 in inflammatory bowel disease) Lymphokines and Cytokines IT RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study) (interleukin 6, interleukin-6 in inflammatory bowel disease) L68 ANSWER 18 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 1996:521281 CAPLUS 125:192737 DN ED Entered STN: 30 Aug 1996 ΤI Chemotactic cytokines (chemokines) in inflammatory bowel MacDermott, Richard P.; Izutani, Ryo; Ohno, Yasuhiro; Reinecker, ΑU Hans-Christian CS Gastroenterology Section, Lahey Clinic, Burlington, MA, USA Cytokines in Inflammatory Bowel Disease (1996), 101-118. Editor(s): SO Fiocchi, Claudio. Publisher: Landes, Austin, Tex. CODEN: 63GUAH DT Conference; General Review LA English 15-0 (Immunochemistry) CC AB A review with 102 refs. The presence of large nos. of granulocytes and macrophages in the bowel wall is a common feature in inflammatory bowel disease (IBD). Granulocytes and macrophages are thought to contribute to the immunopathogenesis of IBD. The constant flux of granulocytes and macrophages indicates the likely presence of potent chemotactic agents in inflamed intestinal mucosa. The regulation of granulocyte and macrophage movement into inflamed mucosal and submucosal tissue may also be mediated by chemokines, which are potent mediators of granulocyte and macrophage migration and activation. Two of the chemokines, interleukin-8 and monocyte chemotactic and activating factor (MCAF) are likely to have important roles in mediating chronic intestinal inflammation in diseases such as IBD review chemokine inflammatory bowel disease STLymphokines and Cytokines IT RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study) (chemokines, chemotactic cytokines (chemokines) in inflammatory bowel disease) TT Intestine, disease (inflammatory, chemotactic cytokines (chemokines) in inflammatory bowel disease) ANSWER 17 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN1996:521282 CAPLUS DN 125:192738 ED Entered STN: 30 Aug 1996 TΤ The colony-stimulating factors in inflammatory bowel AU Doe, William F.; Grimm, Michael C. John Curtin Sch. Clinical Res., Australian natl. Univ., Canberra City, CS Australia SO Cytokines in Inflammatory Bowel Disease (1996), 119-136. Editor(s): Fiocchi, Claudio. Publisher: Landes, Austin, Tex. CODEN: 63GUAH

DT

Conference; General Review

```
English
LA
CC
     15-0 (Immunochemistry)
     A review, with 65 refs. The authors discuss the biol. activities of each
AB
     of the colony-stimulating factors (CSFs), their potential roles and
     synergies in immune and inflammatory responses and the potential effects
     of these functions on the regulation and mediation of mucosal inflammation
     in inflammatory bowel disease (IBD
ST
     review colony stimulating factor bowel disease
     Intestine, disease
IT
        (inflammatory, colony-stimulating factors in inflammatory
        bowel disease)
     62683-29-8, Colony-stimulating factor
TΤ
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
        (colony-stimulating factors in inflammatory bowel
        disease)
    ANSWER 16 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
1.68
     1996:521283 CAPLUS
ΔN
     125:192063
DN
     Entered STN: 30 Aug 1996
ED
ΤI
     Peptide growth factors in inflammatory bowel
     disease
     Dignass, Axel U.; Podolsky, Daniel K.
ΑU
     Dep. Med., Univ. Essen, Essen, Germany
CS
     Cytokines in Inflammatory Bowel Disease (1996), 137-155. Editor(s):
     Fiocchi, Claudio. Publisher: Landes, Austin, Tex.
     CODEN: 63GUAH
DΤ
     Conference; General Review
     English
LΑ
     14-0 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)
CÇ
AB
     A review, with 76 refs., of general properties of prototypic peptide
     growth factors which are likely to be important in inflammatory
     bowel disease including EGF, TGF-\alpha, TGF-\beta,
     IGF, FGF, HGF, CSF, and trefoil factors.
ST
     review growth factor inflammatory bowel
     disease
IT
     Animal growth regulators
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
        (peptide growth factors in inflammatory bowel
        disease)
     Intestine, disease
IT
        (inflammatory, peptide growth factors in inflammatory
        bowel disease)
    ANSWER 11 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
1.68
     1996:547943 CAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     125:219585
ED
     Entered STN: 13 Sep 1996
TI
     Cytokines in Inflammatory Bowel Disease.
ΑU
     Fiocchi, Claudio; Editor
CS
SO
     (1996) Publisher: (Landes, Austin, Tex.), 265 pp.
DT
     Book
LΑ
     English
CC
     15-8 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 14
AB
     Unavailable
ST
     book cytokine inflammatory bowel disease
IT
     Lymphokines and Cytokines
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
```

(cytokines in inflammatory bowel disease) ΙT Intestine, disease (inflammatory, cytokines in inflammatory bowel disease) ANSWER 23 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L68 1996:521276 CAPLUS AN DN 125:192732 ED Entered STN: 30 Aug 1996 Interleukin-1 and interleukin-1 receptor antagonist in TТ inflammatory bowel disease ΑU Kam, Lori; Cominelli, Fabio CS Div. Gastrointestinal Liver Diseases, Univ. Southern California Sch. Med., Los Angeles, CA, USA SO Cytokines in Inflammatory Bowel Disease (1996), 27-39. Editor(s): Fiocchi, Claudio. Publisher: Landes, Austin, Tex. CODEN: 63GUAH DTConference; General Review LΑ English CC 15-0 (Immunochemistry) A review, with 36 refs. Immune cells and their cytokines are likely to AB play an important role in the initiation and perpetuation of the chronic inflammation associated with ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. Activated mononuclear cells produce interleukin-1 (IL-1), a pro-inflammatory cytokine with multiple biol. properties that may be responsible for the initiation and amplification of the inflammatory response. Macrophage activation has been hypothesized to be an early event in the pathogenesis of intestinal bowel disease (IBD). This suggests that IL-1 is also involved in the early events of the inflammatory cascade. This paper reviews the role of IL-1 and IL-1ra in IBD, and discusses new strategies for treatment of IBD based on the modulation of IL-1 activity. STreview interleukin 1 inflammatory bowel disease Intestine, disease (inflammatory, interleukin-1 and interleukin-1 receptor antagonist in

IT

inflammatory bowel disease)

ITLymphokines and Cytokines

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study) (interleukin 1, interleukin-1 and interleukin-1 receptor antagonist in inflammatory bowel disease)

IT Lymphokines and Cytokines

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(interleukin 1 receptor antagonist, interleukin-1 and interleukin-1 receptor antagonist in inflammatory bowel disease)